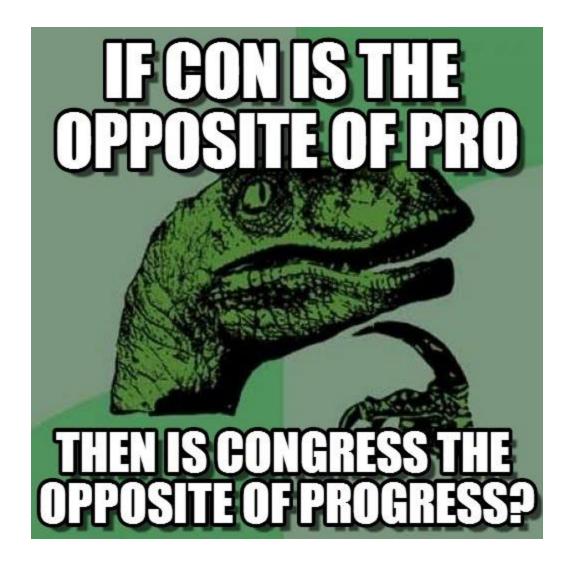
2014 Tax Update

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Major Tax Events of 2014

- American Tax Relief Act of 2012 (ATRA)
- Patient Protection And Affordable Care Act (Health Care Act) Implementation
- Tax Increase Prevention Act of 2014 (TIPA)
- Some Noteworthy Court Cases and Regulations







2014 Individual Income Tax Rates

- ATRA continues the Bush-era 10% to 35% tax brackets with no sunset and adds an additional 39.6% tax bracket for higher income individuals.
 - > *In 2014,* the new 39.6% bracket applies to *taxable income* of an individual *in excess of* the following thresholds:
 - **\$457,601** for married couples *filing joint returns* (\$228,801 if married filing separate returns);
 - **\$406,751** for **single filers**; and
 - \$432,201 for heads of households.
 - > These thresholds are adjusted for inflation after 2013.
 - > Income above these levels will be taxed at a 39.6%



2014 Tax Rates

	W.	TAX BRACKETS FOR	2014		
Tax Rate	Single	Married Filing Jointly	Head of Household	Married Filing Separately	
10% Up to \$9,075		Up to \$18,150	Up to \$9,075	Up to \$12,950	
15%	\$9,076 to \$36900	\$18,151 to \$73,800	\$9,076 to \$36,900	\$12,951 to \$49,400	
25%	\$36,901 to \$89,350	\$73,801 to \$148,850	\$36,901 to \$74,425	\$49,401 to \$127,550	
28%	\$89,351 to \$186,350	\$148,851 to \$226,850	\$74,426 to \$113,425	\$127,551 to \$206,600	
33%	\$186,351 to \$405,100	\$226,851 to \$405,100	\$113,426 to \$202,550	\$206,601 to \$405,100	
253	\$405,101 to \$406,750	\$405,101 to \$457,600	\$202,551 to \$228,800	\$405,101 to \$432,200	
39.60%	\$406,751 or more	\$457,601 or more	\$228,801 or more	\$432,201 or more	

Source: IRS



Capital Gains/Dividends for 2014

- Top tax rate for capital gains and dividends to <u>20</u>
 <u>percent</u> on amount over \$450k/\$400k threshold
- 15% and 0% capital gains & dividend rates remain in effect
- 3.8% Medicare Surtax in addition to new rates



Other Major Individual Provisions

- AMT Permanently Patched and Indexed starting in 2012
- Phase-out of Personal Exemptions and Itemized Deductions starting in 2014 if AGI exceeds
 - > \$254,200 for single taxpayers
 - > \$305,050 for married taxpayers
 - > \$279,650 for heads of households
 - > Indexed for inflation after 2013
- American Opportunity Tax Credit to 2017



More Individual Tax Provisions

- New 3.8% Medicare Surtax On <u>Net Investment</u> <u>Income</u>
 - \$250k if MFJ, \$200k single & \$125k MFS
 - > Trusts & estate affected at highest income tax rate
 - > Lesser of amount over threshold or net investment income
 - > Net Investment Income
 - Interest, dividends, annuities
 - Rents, royalties
 - Gain from sale of property (i.e. short & long term cap gains)
 - Passive income from operating business(material participation)
 - Final Regs Issued
 - Renewed Scrutiny on Passive Income Classification



Other Individual Tax Provisions Extended Thru 2014

- School Teacher's Deduction
- State & Local Sales Tax Deduction
- Deduction for Qualified Higher Education Expenses
- Expanded Limits for Conservation Easements
- Mortgage Insurance Premium Deduction
- IRA Transfers to Charities
- Exclusion for Discharge of Principal Residence Debt
- Residential Energy Credit







Shared Responsibility Tax

- Everyone must be covered or exempt for each month of 2014
- The maximum amount for 2014 is the greater of:
 - \$95 per uninsured adult member of the household plus \$47.50 per uninsured member of the household under age 18, not to exceed \$285 OR
 - 1% of household income in excess of the income threshold required for filing a Form 1040. The SR Tax cannot exceed the national average premium for a "bronze" plan through the exchange.



2014

\$95 PER ADULT

\$47⁵⁰ PER CHILD

UP TO \$285
PER HOUSEHOLD

OR **↓**

1%
OF YEARLY
HOUSEHOLD
INCOME

FLAT \$ AMOUNT UR % OF INCOME

(WHICHEVER IS GREATER)

IN 2014, individuals and families with income under approximately \$28,500 will pay a flat dollar penalty amount if they fail to obtain minimum essential coverage. Individuals and families with income over \$28,500 will pay a penalty equal to 1 percent of their income.

2015

\$325 PER ADULT

\$162⁵⁰ PER CHILD

UP TO \$975
PER HOUSEHOLD

<mark>‱</mark> OR **↓**

2%
OF YEARLY
HOUSEHOLD
INCOME

FLAT \$ AMOUNT UR % OF INCOME

(WHICHEVER IS GREATER)

IN 2015, individuals and families with income under approximately \$48,750 will pay a flat dollar penalty amount if they fail to obtain minimum essential coverage. Individuals and families with income over \$48,750 will pay a penalty equal to 2 percent of their income.

2016

\$695 PER ADULT

\$347⁵⁰ PER CHILD

UP TO \$2,085 PER HOUSEHOLD

OR 🖊

2.5%
OF YEARLY
HOUSEHOLD
INCOME

FLAT \$ AMOUNT UR % OF INCOME

(WHICHEVER IS GREATER)

IN 2016, individuals and families with income under approximately \$83,400 will pay a flat dollar penalty amount if they fail to obtain minimum essential coverage. Individuals and families with income over \$83,400 will pay a penalty equal to 2.5 percent of their income.







Who is Exempt?

- Certain US Citizens living abroad
- Income below filing threshold
- Not covered for less than 3 months during the year
- Unaffordable (cost more than 8% of household income)
- "Hardship Exemption"
- Some require an Exemption Certificate
 - Application at <u>www.healthcare.gov</u>







Refundable Premium Tax Credit

- Only available if purchasing through the Exchange
- Household income is at least 100% of the 2013
 Federal Poverty Line and not more than 400%
- Income below filing threshold
- Reconciled on individual's tax return
- Most people opted for Advanced Payments
 Enrollment was based on projected 2014 income.
 Credit is based on actual results.
- If you received and Advanced Payment you are required to file a tax return

ow will the Requirement to buy Coverage under the Affordable Care Act Beginning 2014 Impact You??

Were you insured for the whole year through a combination of any of the following sources?

- ▶ A plan offered by an employer.
- Insurance bought on your own that is at least at the Bronze level.
- A grandfathered health plan in existence before the health reform law was enacted.
- ▶ Medicare.
- ► Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP).
- ► TRICARE (for service members, retirees and their families).
- ▶The veteran's health program.

There is a penalty for being without health insurance.

NO

NO

Healthcare Penalty

2014 \$95.00 per adult \$47.50 per child (up to \$285 per family) or 1.0% of family income whichever is greater. 2015 \$325.00 per adult and \$162.50 per child (up to \$975 per family) or 2.0% of family income whichever is greater. 2016 \$695.00 per adult and \$347.50 per child (up to \$2,085 for a family) or 2.5% of family income whichever is greater.

The penalty is pro-rated by the number of months without coverage; there is no penalty for a single gap in coverage less than 3 months in a year.

This is for informational purposes only. Clients should consult an accountant and lawyer for final guidance. Please note information can change with no notice.

YES

The
requirement to
have health
insurance has been
satisfied and no
penalty is assessed

NO

YES

Is your Income within FPL Guidelines?

Family Size Cap

1 15,282 - 45,960

2 20,628 - 62,040 **3** 25,975 - 78,210

4 31,322 - 94,220

5 36,668 - 110,280 **6** 42,015 - 126,360

7 47,361 - 142,440

Premium Subsidy Most Likely Not Available.

You will most likely be responsible for paying 100% of the premium for your insurance policy.

Premium Subsidy May Be Available!

You may receive a subsidy to purchase insurance. You will have to complete a subisdy application to determine eligiblity.

Your Premium Can be Capped at....

Household Size									
	1			4					
FPL Amount	Monthly Premium Cap			Monthly Premium Cap					
133%- 150%	\$38	to	\$57	\$78	to	\$117			
150%- 200%	\$57	to	\$120	\$117	to	\$247			
200%- 250%	\$120	to	\$190	\$247	to	\$394			
250%- 300%	\$190	to	\$272	\$394	to	\$559			
300%- 400%	\$272	to	\$363	\$559	to	\$745			

For Mustration purposes only. Based on 2013 FPL Levels. Final subsidy amount deter



Certified Public Accountants



TRIPLE FACEPALM

For when a double facepalm is just not enough to describe the epic fail....

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TIPA 2014

- 50% First-Year Bonus Depreciation thru 2014
 - > 50% Bonus on new asset placed in between January 1, 2012 and December 31, 2014
 - Generally Qualified Property is New Property with a Depreciable Life for Tax Purposes of 20 Years or Less
 - Includes "Qualified Leasehold Improvements"
- Expired End Of 2014



TIPA 2014 (continued)

- Increase § 179 Deduction for 2014
 - Deduction increased to \$500k
 - > Phase out starts at \$2 million in acquisitions
 - Can "elect" to treat \$250k of "Qualified Real Property" as §179 Property
 - Any unused portion can not be carried over after 2014
 - > Qualified Real Property (QRP) includes:
 - Qualified Leasehold Improvement Property
 - Qualified Retail Improvement Property
 - Qualified Restaurant Property
- After 2014 \$35k/\$200k



Other Business Tax Provisions Extended Thru 2014

- 15-year depreciation period for qualified leasehold improvements, qualified restaurant property, & qualified retail improvement property
- Research & development credit
- 100% exclusion of the gain from the sale of "qualified small business stock"
- Work opportunity tax credit for qualified employees (except for veterans)
- Temporary reduction in the waiting period for an S corporation to avoid the built-in gains tax after electing "S" status from 10-years to 5-years









Noteworthy Developments

- New Capitalization Regulations
- One-Rollover-Per-Year Limitation
- Rigid Enforcement of Charitable Documentation
- "Late" Estate Returns to make Portability Election
- Timely Documentation on Shareholder Loans
- Shareholder vs. Corporation Goodwill
- Worker Classification Heating Up Again





